**Patient Name:** BEY, HASSAN

**Date of Birth:** 06/05/1994

**Date of Service:** 02/23/2022

**History of Present Illness:**  
This is a 28 year-old left hand dominant male who was involved in a motor vehicle accident on 04/26/2021. Patient was a driver of a vehicle, which was involved in a rear end collision by a truck while driving. Patient injured Left Shoulder in the accident. The patient is here today for orthopedic evaluation. Patient states that he was experiencing tightness in morning and has to stretch to ease out and consistent for labral tear.

The patient complains of left shoulder pain that is 6/10, which comes and goes, with 10 being the worst, associated with numbness in the anterior aspect. The left shoulder pain increases with driving. The left shoulder pain improves with medication.

**Past Medical History:**  
Noncontributory

**Past Surgical History:**  
Shoulder surgery.

**Past Accident/Injuries:**  
Patient's left arm, neck, back, lower waist, right wrist got injured

**Daily Medications:**  
Muscle relaxer, Percocet.

**Allergies:**  
No known drug allergies

**Social History:**  
No smoking.

**Physical Examination:**  
**Vitals:** On physical examination, the patient is 5 feet 9 inches tall weighs 205 pounds   
**General Appearance:** Patient is a well-developed, well-nourished male in no acute distress. Awake, alert,   
and oriented x 3. Mood and affect are normal.  
**Gait and Station:** Gait is normal

**Left Shoulder:**  
Examination of the shoulder revealed no tenderness to palpation. There was no effusion. No crepitus was present. No atrophy was present. Hawkins, drop arm, and apprehension tests were negative. Range of motion Abduction 155 degrees (180 degrees normal ) Forward flexion 150 degrees (180 degrees normal ) Internal rotation 60 degrees (80 degrees normal ) External rotation 70 degrees(90 degrees normal )

**Diagnostic Imaging:**

**Assessment and Plan:**  
Diagnosis: Left shoulder labrum tear.   
Recommend to continue pain management.

The patient’s Left Shoulder was examined   
MRI of the Left Shoulder was reviewed.   
Patient is to return to the office on p.r.n. basis.

Causality: It is within a certain degree of medical certainty, that the history presented by the patient, the objective physical findings as well as the diagnosis rendered is causally related to the injury the patient incurred on the specified date. These current symptoms were nonexistent prior to the accident. Findings were discussed with the patient. Patient is considered 100% temporarily disabled.  
  
In response to the required COVID-19 mandates the following precautions have been taken. Doctors and Medical Assistants wore masks and gloves; examination rooms are completely disinfected after each use. Patient was required to wear a mask. Temperature scan was administered prior to examination. No more than 10 people were permitted in the waiting room at any time as this is the max that can be achieved while still maintaining six (6) feet social distancing guidelines. Only the patient was permitted in the examination room.



**L Sean Thompson, M.D.**